

USP Open Forum | January 27 & 28, 2021

Manufacturing Alcohol to Combat a Public Health Emergency:

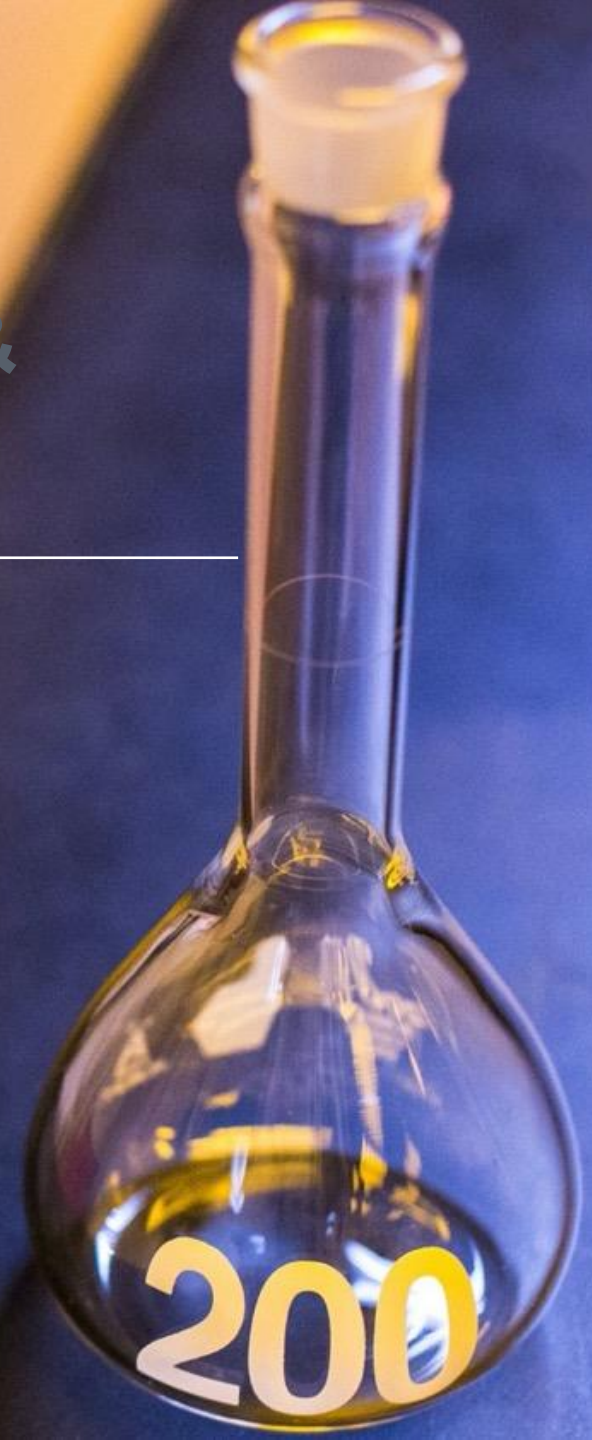
Insights on Regulatory and
Quality Requirements



Methanol Specification in USP Alcohol & USP Dehydrated Alcohol Monographs

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- ▶ FDA reports increasing number of hand sanitizer products contaminated with Methanol.
- ▶ FDA requests including a **Limit Test for Methanol** in the “**Identification**” section of the Alcohol and Isopropyl alcohol monographs and any related *USP-NF* monographs to help prevent **methanol** contamination.
- ▶ The Methanol limit had already been required in the **Organic Impurities** test of the **USP Alcohol** and **USP Dehydrated Alcohol** monographs (200 µL/L).
- ▶ If Methanol detection and quantification is part of the “**Identification**” section
 - CGMP regulations at 21 CFR 211.84(d)(1) would require manufacturers of drug products to detect and quantify any Methanol present for each lot of Alcohol or Dehydrated Alcohol received.
- ▶ If Methanol detection and quantification is **only** part of an “**Impurity**” test
 - Manufacturer need not include, as part of its identity testing, the detection and quantification of Methanol in the Alcohol or Dehydrated Alcohol. In addition, a manufacturer could deviate from the impurity requirements established in the monograph by labeling the product to indicate that it deviates from the USP test requirements.

July 31: USP posted *Notice of Intent to Revise*

- ▶ USP identified 6 related monographs in the *USP–NF* and *FCC*
 - USP Alcohol*
 - USP Dehydrated Alcohol*
 - USP Isopropyl Alcohol* and *USP Azeotropic Isopropyl Alcohol* monographs
 - FCC Ethyl Alcohol* and *FCC Isopropyl Alcohol* monographs
- ▶ USP posted a *Notice of Intent to Revise* (NITR) on July 31, 2020 to notify the stakeholders of the upcoming proposed revision of two monographs, ***USP Alcohol*** and ***USP Dehydrated Alcohol***.

- ▶ NITR proposes to begin the revision process by first including the *Limit of Methanol* test in the ID section of the *USP Alcohol* and *USP Dehydrated Alcohol* monographs.
- ▶ The added *Limit of Methanol* test in the ID section will refer to the currently official *Organic Impurities* test in the *USP Alcohol* and *USP Dehydrated Alcohol* monographs. Methanol Acceptance criteria: 200 µL/L.
- ▶ All three Identification tests in the Alcohol monographs are required to be in compliance with USP.

Stakeholder engagement and assessment of impact

- ▶ USP and FDA held joint stakeholder calls with manufacturers, compounding pharmacies and similar facilities on Aug. 10, 2020.
- ▶ Similar approach to the 2009 diethylene glycol (DEG) contamination of glycerin products
- ▶ Nearly 4000 drug products contain alcohol or dehydrated alcohol as ingredients.
- ▶ Manufacturers should evaluate impact on their supply chain and work with FDA to prevent shortages.

Posted on Aug. 17, 2020; Official from Sept. 1, 2020

The *Limit of Methanol* testing procedure and acceptance criteria (200 µL/L) is included as Identification C which is the same as that of *Organic Impurities* test in the *USP Alcohol and Dehydrated Alcohol* monographs.

IDENTIFICATION

- **A.** It meets the requirements of the test for *Specific Gravity* (841).
- **B. SPECTROSCOPIC IDENTIFICATION TESTS (197), *Infrared Spectroscopy*:**

Add the following:

▲● **C. LIMIT OF METHANOL**

[NOTE—This test must be performed to be in compliance with USP, in addition to *Identification A* and *B* above.]

Sample solution A, Standard solution A, Standard solution B, Chromatographic system, and

System suitability: Proceed as directed in *Organic Impurities*.

Analysis: Proceed as directed in the *Organic Impurities* test, *Methanol calculation*.

Acceptance criteria: Meets the requirements in *Table 2* for methanol. ▲

(RB 1-Sep-2020)

Revision Bulletin: USP Alcohol Monographs (2)

https://www.uspnf.com/sites/default/files/usp_pdf/EN/USPNF/revisions/alcohol-rb-notice-20200817.pdf

IMPURITIES

• LIMIT OF NONVOLATILE RESIDUE

Sample: 100 mL of Alcohol

Analysis: Evaporate the *Sample* in a tared dish on a water bath, and dry at 100°–105° for 1 h.

Acceptance criteria: The weight of the residue is NMT 2.5 mg.

Change to read:

• ORGANIC IMPURITIES

Sample solution A: Alcohol (substance under test)

Sample solution B: 300 µL/L of 4-methylpentan-2-ol in *Sample solution A*

Standard solution A: 200 µL/L of methanol in *Sample solution A*

▲◆ [NOTE— To be prepared for use in *Identification C*].◆▲ (RB 1-Sep-2020)

Standard solution B: 10 µL/L of methanol and 10 µL/L of acetaldehyde in *Sample solution A*

Standard solution C: 30 µL/L of acetal in *Sample solution A*

Standard solution D: 2 µL/L of benzene in *Sample solution A*

Chromatographic system

(See [Chromatography \(621\)](#), [System Suitability](#).)

Mode: GC

Detector: Flame ionization

Column: 0.32-mm × 30-m fused-silica capillary; bonded with a 1.8-µm layer of phase G43

Split ratio: 20:1

Temperatures

Injection port: 200°

Detector: 280°

Column: See [Table 1](#).

Methanol calculation

▲◆ [NOTE— To be performed as a part of *Identification C*].◆▲ (RB 1-Sep-2020)

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S)$$

r_U = peak area of methanol from *Sample solution A*

r_S = peak area of methanol from *Standard solution A*

Acceptance criteria: See [Table 2](#).

Table 2

Name	Acceptance Criteria
Methanol	NMT 0.5, corresponding to 200 µL/L
Acetaldehyde and acetal	NMT 10 µL/L, expressed as acetaldehyde
Benzene	NMT 2 µL/L
Sum of all other impurities ^a	NMT 300 µL/L

^a Disregard any peaks of less than 9 µL/L (0.03 times the area of the peak corresponding to 4-methylpentan-2-ol in the chromatogram obtained with *Sample solution B*).

Part of the Pharmacopeial Discussion Group (PDG) Excipient Workplan

- ▶ Both monographs are harmonized and have been official for many years *including* the Organic Impurities test.
- ▶ The current revision will be proposed as a U.S. local requirement indicated by the diamond symbols (◊).
- ▶ USP has informed PDG of this revision with detailed explanations through correspondence.
- ▶ European Pharmacopeia (EP) and Japanese Pharmacopeia (JP) will be assessing the issue of methanol contamination on their markets.

▶ Links to the Revision Bulletins:

–Alcohol:

https://www.uspnf.com/sites/default/files/usp_pdf/EN/USPNF/revisions/alcohol-rb-notice-20200817.pdf

–Dehydrated Alcohol:

https://www.uspnf.com/sites/default/files/usp_pdf/EN/USPNF/revisions/dehydrated-alcohol-rb-notice-20200817.pdf

▶ Links to the Frequently Asked Questions :

–<https://www.uspnf.com/notices/alcohols-faq>.

Important Links to Hand Sanitizers

- ▶ Link to USP Hand Sanitizer Toolkit:
 - <https://www.usp.org/covid-19/hand-sanitizer-information>
- ▶ Link to FDA Guidance for Hand Sanitizers:
 - <https://www.fda.gov/media/136289/download>
- ▶ Link to WHO practical guide:
 - https://www.who.int/gpsc/5may/Guide_to_Local_Production.pdf
- ▶ Link to Alcohol and Tobacco, Tax, and Trade Bureau (TTB) guidance:
 - <https://www.ttb.gov/public-guidance/ttb-pg-2020-1a>
- ▶ Link to European Commission Guidance
 - https://ec.europa.eu/growth/sectors/cosmetics/products/borderline-products_en

Contact Information for FDA and USP



FDA

- ▶ Contact CDER Drug Shortage Staff at drugshortages@fda.hhs.gov if any access or potential drug shortage issues arise.
- ▶ Consumers, manufacturers or distributors who have questions for the FDA regarding hand sanitizers should email: COVID-19-Hand-Sanitizers@fda.hhs.gov

USP

- ▶ Contact USP if you have questions about the USP Alcohol monographs:
– nfmonographs@usp.org
- ▶ Contact USP if you have questions about the FCC Ethyl Alcohol monographs:
– fcc@usp.org

Thank You

